Electric Rate-Setting Overview

Lee Hansen Mary Fitzpatrick Office of Legislative Research January 21, 2015 Connecticut General Assembly



Today's Presenters

- From ISO-NE: Mary Louise "Weezie" Noura,
- From PURA: Commissioner Michael Caron, Vice-Chairman John Betkoski, Chairman Arthur House
- From PURA: Jeff Guadiosi, Standard Service Procurement Manager

Electric Rate Setting and Your Electric Bill



gC22287		
Connecticut		nt date: Dec 19, 2014 comer name køy.
Light & Power	Account n	umber:
A Northeast Utilities Company	Your account summary Ebili	
	Amount due on Nov 19	\$142.41
Contact Information Emergency: 1-800-286-2000 (anytime)	Payment Dec 16	-\$142.41
Web Site: www.cl-p.com Email: CLPCustomerService@cl-p.com	Balance Forward	\$0.00
	New Charges/Credits Electricity Supply Services	\$84.12
Residential customers: Customer Service: 1-800-286-2000	Delivery Services	\$69.57
860-947-2000 Hartford/Meriden (M-F 7:00 am - 7:00 pm)	Total new charges	\$153.69
	Total amount due	\$153.69
Simplify your life Use eBill and ePay at www.cl-p.com Or Pay by Phone 1-885-763-6618	The "Total amount due" must be received by Jan 16, 2015 to avoid a 1 Tale payment charge.	.00%
Electricity Supplier Connecticut Light & Power P.O. Box 270	See Account Messages for Important information.	
Hartlord, CT 06141-0270	Detail for Service at:	
	Service reference: Billing cycle: 13	
	Your meter reading for meter #	
	For billing period: Nov 18 - Dec 18 (30 days) Next read date on or	about; Jan 20, 2015
	Actual reading on Dec 18, 2014 Actual reading on Nov 18, 2014	68641
	Billed usage	- 67799 = 842
	Lines cougo	- 642
	Electricity Supply Detail STANDARD SERVICE	
	Generation Srvc Chrg** 842.00KWH x \$0,099900	\$84.12
	Subiotal	\$84.12
		continued on next page)
Please make your check payable to CL&P.	Consider adding \$1 for Operation Fuel. To add more, call 1-800-286-2000 or visit www	.cl-p.com.
1999 m.		
Connecticut	Account Number Statement date Total amount due	ci-p.com. Amount Enclosed
489 m		

Generation Service Charge

- Covers the price of buying power on the electric market (the actual electricity or kilowatt hours used).
- Covers electric companies' and suppliers' costs in procuring power, as well as certain generation-related costs.

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Subtotal	\$84.12

Retail Suppliers

- Suppliers buy power on the wholesale market
- Resell it to retail customers through variable and fixed-rate plans
- Licensed by PURA
- Offers listed on the "Rate Board" on EnergizeCT.com
- About 40% of residential customers and 90% of commercial & industrial customer have chosen retail suppliers

Standard Service Offer

- Default generation for customers who don't choose a retail supplier
- Electric company buys power on the wholesale market
- Overseen by PURA Procurement Manager and approved by PURA
- Costs passed through to standard offer customers
- Adjusted every six months
- Known as "Last Resort Service" for commercial & industrial customers

The Regional Wholesale Market

- Regulated by FERC (Federal Energy Regulatory Commission)
- Administered by ISO-NE (Independent System Operator New England)
- Bilateral Contracts
- Day Ahead Market
- Capacity Markets

The Day Ahead Market & Market Rule 1

Estimated Load: 10,000 MWH

Bids to Supply 2000 MWH A: 2000 MWH for \$5 B: 2000 MWH for \$6 C: 2000 MWH for \$7 D: 2000 MWH for \$8 E: 2000 MWH for \$9 F: 2000 MWH for \$10 <u>Winning Bids</u> A: 2000 MWH for \$5 B: 2000 MWH for \$6 C: 2000 MWH for \$7 D: 2000 MWH for \$8 <u>E: 2000 MWH for \$9</u> 10,000 MWH for \$9

Natural Gas and Recent Wholesale Rate Increases

- Increased Demand
- Transmission Pipelines at full capacity during winter
- "Interruptible" vs. "Firm" gas contracts



Standard Service Rates Since 2007



Electric Transmission Rates

- Covers the cost of shipping electricity from power plants to substations.
- Thick cables strung on high towers for long distances
- High voltage





How is it calculated?

- The Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) has primary jurisdiction.
- FERC sets these rates based on the cost of providing transmission services.
- State law requires PURA to modify retail transmission rates to reflect changes in the FERC-approved rates.

Projected RSP Description Project In-Location Owner Project Status Name Service D Year Under 802 Interstate NEEWS CT/RI/MA NU 810, 191 Reliability 2015 Construction 1085 Project Build a new Manchester -Manchester to Central CT 801 Concept NU TBD East Hartford East Hartford 115kV Line

Figure 11 Category C — New Transmission Lines

CL&P Delivery Services Detail	DISTRIBUTION RATE: 001	
Transmission Chrg	842.00KWH x \$0.019790	\$16.66
Distr Cust Srvc Chrg		\$16.00
Distr Chrg per KWH	842.00KWH x \$0.027570	\$23.21
CTA Chrg per KWH	842.00KWH × \$0.000330	\$0.28
FMCC Delivery Chirg	842.00KWH x \$0.006180	\$5.20
Comb Public Benefit Chrg*	842.00KWH x \$0.009760	\$8.22

Subtotal

\$69.57

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- Covers the cost of shipping power from substations to individual customers
- Narrower power lines on street-level utility poles or underground
- Lower voltage



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Rate Cases

- Distribution rates set by PURA
- PURA must review rates every four years
- Office of Consumer Counsel (OCC) represents ratepayer interests
- Rate decoupling: making revenue less dependent on per kWh usage

Revenues to:

- 1. Recover prudent capital investments
- 2. Earn a reasonable rate of return on investments to maintain financial integrity
- 3. Pay operating costs

Statutory Rate Making Principles

CGS § 16-19e requires rates to be made in accordance with the following principles:

- (1) That there is a clear public need for the service being proposed or provided;
- (2) that the public service company shall be fully competent to provide efficient and adequate service to the public in that such company is technically, financially and managerially expert and efficient;
- (3) that the authority and all public service companies shall perform all of their respective public responsibilities with economy, efficiency and care for public safety and energy security, and so as to promote economic development within the state with consideration for energy and water conservation, energy efficiency and the development and utilization of renewable sources of energy and for the prudent management of the natural environment;
- (4) that the level and structure of rates be sufficient, but no more than sufficient, to allow public service companies to cover their operating costs including, but not limited to, appropriate staffing levels, and capital costs, to attract needed capital and to maintain their financial integrity, and yet provide appropriate protection to the relevant public interests, both existing and foreseeable which shall include, but not be limited to, reasonable costs of security of assets, facilities and equipment that are incurred solely for the purpose of responding to security needs associated with the terrorist attacks of September 11, 2001, and the continuing war on terrorism;
- (5) that the level and structure of rates charged customers shall reflect prudent and efficient management of the franchise operation; and
- (6) that the rates, charges, conditions of service and categories of service of the companies not discriminate against customers which utilize renewable energy sources or cogeneration technology to meet a portion of their energy requirements.

Combined Public Benefits Charge

- Systems Benefit Charge
- Conservation and Load Management Charge
- Renewable Energy
 Investment Charge



How is it calculated?

- PURA determines the systems benefit charge
- Statute sets the conservation and load management fund at .3 cents per kilowatthour (CGS § 16-245m)
- Statute sets the renewable energy investment charge at (at least) .1 cents per kilowatt-hour (CGS § 16-245n)

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Competitive Transition Assessment

- Allows the electric companies to recover certain stranded charges associated with deregulation.
- PA 98-28 (i.e., the "dereg" bill)
- Very minimal

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Images

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Electric Transmission Lines: Photo by Paul Moss / CC BY-SA 2.5

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